# **CITY OF HUGHSON**

# **Annual Financial Report**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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## CITY OF HUGHSON ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

The Members of the City Council of the City of Hughson Hughson, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hughson, California (City) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

**Opinions** 

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hughson, California, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

This discussion and analysis provides an overview of the City of Hughson's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This report has been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as established by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB). We encourage our readers to consider this information in conjunction with the information provided in the accompanying basic financial statements and notes. The City's fiscal highlights are presented below:

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 include the following:

#### Government-wide:

- The City's total net position was \$72,653,595 as of June 30, 2016. Of this total, \$33,225,470 was governmental net position and \$39,428,125 was business-type net position.
- Government-wide revenues include program revenues of \$7,886,094 and general revenues and transfers of \$2,046,360, for a total of \$9,932,454.
- Government-wide expenses were \$7,873,134.
- Business-type program revenues and interest were \$5,021,180 while business-type expenses and transfers were \$3,822,450.

#### Fund Level:

- Governmental fund balances *increased* \$357,113 in fiscal year 2016.
- Governmental fund revenues decreased \$290,250 in fiscal year 2016.
- Governmental fund expenditures increased \$954,387 in fiscal year 2016.

#### General Fund:

- General Fund revenues of \$2,875,844 were \$167,187 higher than the prior year.
- General Fund expenditures of \$2,615,251 represented an *increase* of \$578,551 over the prior year.
- General Fund fund balance of \$2,772,255 as of June 30, 2016, *increased* by \$342,397 from 2015 fiscal year's fund balance of \$2,429,858.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Annual Financial Report is divided into five parts:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to these financial statements
- 4. Required supplementary information
- 5. Other supplemental information

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements provide a longer-term view of the City's activities as a whole, and comprise the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations.

#### FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

This analysis focuses on the net positions and changes in net positions of the City as a whole. Tables 1, 2 and 3 focus on the City's Governmental Statement of Net Position and Statements of Activities, while Table 4 focuses on the City's Business-type Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

#### Table 1

Accete	Assets				overnmental Activities 2015
		~	0 000 700	•	
Cash and investme	nts	\$	6,696,766	\$	6,314,203
Other assets			2,245,778		2,164,885
Capital assets, net			25,907,327	-	25,408,440
Total A	ssets		34,849,871		33,887,528
Deferred Outflows of	Decourses				
Pension	Resources		216,353		123,476
Total D	ef. Outflows		216,353	<u></u>	123,476
<u>Liabilities</u> Long term liabilities Other liabilities			1,247,241 466,783		988,738 373,381
Total L	iabilities		1,714,024		1,362,119
Deferred Inflows of R Pension	esources		126,730		284,005
Total D	ef. Inflows		126,730		284,005
Net Position			05 007 007		05 400 440
Net investment in ca	apital assets		25,907,327		25,408,440
Restricted			5,681,625		5,705,813
Unrestricted			1,636,518		1,250,627
Total N	et Position	\$	33,225,470	\$	32,364,880

The City's governmental net position amounted to \$33,225,470 as of June 30, 2016, an *increase* of \$860,590 over 2015 not including prior period adjustments. This increase in the change in net position is reflected in the Governmental Activities column of the Statement of Activities shown in Table 2. The City's net position as of June 30, 2016 comprised the following:

Cash and investments comprised \$6,696,766. Substantially all of these amounts were held in short term investments in government securities, as detailed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

Receivables comprised **\$590,927** of current receivables and loans receivable of **\$1,654,851** that is due over longer periods of time as explained the Notes.

Capital assets of \$25,907,327 net of depreciation charges, which included all the City's capital assets used in governmental activities.

Current liabilities, including accounts payable, claims and other amounts due currently, totaled \$466,783.

Long-term liabilities of **\$1,247,241** does not include **\$9,734**, which is the current portion. The debt is related to the City's Net Pension Liability and compensated absences.

#### Table 2 CHANGE IN GOVERNMENTAL NET POSITION

		vernmental Activities 2016		vernmental Activities 2015
Expenses				
General government	\$	1,435,670	\$	1,219,563
Public safety		1,471,544		1,292,278
Public works		1,065,834		857,828
Parks and recreation		99,184		54,625
Total Expenses		4,072,232	)) <u>-</u>	3,424,294
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services		1,244,569		2,042,410
Operating grants and contributions		651,599		961,549
Capital grants and contributions		1,039,181		547,100
Total program revenues		2,935,349		3,551,059
General revenues and transfers				
Taxes		1,423,539		1,053,386
Use of money and property		31,905		22,848
Other revenue		520,481		459,717
Transfers	z	21,548		14,500
Total general revenues and transfers		1,997,473	-	1,550,451
Total Revenues and Transfers		4,932,822		5,101,510
Change in Net Position	\$	860,590	\$	1,677,216

As Table 2 above shows, \$2,935,349 or 60%, of the City's fiscal year 2016 governmental revenue, came from program revenues and \$1,997,473, or 40%, came from general revenues such as taxes and interest and transfers. Program revenues were composed of charges for services of \$1,244,569, which included permit revenues, fees and charges used to fund expenses incurred in providing services; \$651,599 of operating grants and contributions, which included gas tax revenues and housing and police grants; and capital grants and contributions of \$1,039,181, that consisted mainly of street project grants and developer impact fees restricted to capital outlay.

General revenues are not allocable to programs. General revenues are used to pay for the net cost of governmental programs.

Table 3 presents the net expense or revenue of each of the City's governmental activities, including interest on long-term liabilities. Net expense is defined as total program cost less the revenues generated by those specific activities.

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (continued)**

#### Table 5 CHANGE IN BUSINESS-TYPE NET POSITION

	(Ex	et Revenue pense) from rvices 2016	Net Revenue (Expense) from Services 2015		
Water	\$	225,874	\$	432,867	
Sewer		954,140		931,304	
Other	<u></u>	(30,171)		(29,817)	
Total	\$	1,149,843	\$	1,334,354	

#### ANALYSIS OF MAJOR FUNDS

#### Governmental Funds

#### General Fund

General Fund revenues increased \$167,187 this fiscal year due primarily to increase in sales and use tax. Actual revenues were greater than budgeted by \$325,079. Tax revenues increased \$370,153 during the fiscal year primarily due to increasing sales tax revenue. Charges for services, licenses and permits remain relatively flat, increasing by \$44,215.

General Fund expenditures were **\$2,615,251**, an increase of **\$578,551** from the prior year. Expenditures increased mainly due to rising costs in every department.

As of June 30, 2016 the General Fund's fund balance totaled **\$2,772,255**. The unassigned portion of **\$2,712,972** of the fund balances represents available liquid resources.

#### Home Loan Fund

This fund is utilized to track deferred loans receivable. There wasn't significant activity during the fiscal year.

#### Refuse Fund

This fund accounts for the contracted refuse services within the City. There wasn't significant variance from activities in prior fiscal years.

### Public Facilities Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for resources and expenditures in construction of public facilities within the City. There weren't any major projects completed or initiated in this fund during the fiscal year.

	Table 6									
		salance at ily 1, 2015		A delitions	т	<b>N-1-4</b>	T		т.	Balance at
Governmental activities:	. <u> </u>	liy 1, 2015	-	Additions		Deletions	Transfers			une 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	9,197,784	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,197,784
Rights of ways		2,777,617			-		•		•	2,777,617
Construction in progress	-	207,857		896,868				(678,171)		426,554
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	-	12,183,258		896,868				(678,171)	_	12,401,955
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings		919,905								919,905
Improvements		4,166,963						678,171		4,845,134
Equipment		410,980		53,170						464,150
Machinery		241,902								241,902
Rolling stock		496,249				(72,373)				423,876
Infrastructure	-	13,397,859	-	<u> </u>	-	(70.070)	-	(20.121		13,397,859
Total capital assets being depreciated		19,633,858	·	53,170		(72,373)	-	678,171		20,292,826
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(551,301)		(22,054)						(573,355)
Improvements		(855,989)		(129,682)						(985,671)
Equipment		(370,981)		(20,000)						(390,981)
Machinery		(241,902)								(241,902)
Rolling stock		(496,248)				72,373				(423,875)
Infrastructure	-	(3,892,255)		(279,415)		70.072				(4,171,670)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(6,408,676)		(451,151)		72,373				(6,787,454)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u> </u>	13,225,182		(397,981)				678,171		13,505,372
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	25,408,440	\$	498,887	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	25,907,327
	В	alance at							1	Balance at
Business-type activities:	Ju	ly 1, 2015		Additions		eletions		Transfers	Ju	ne 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	18,108,769	\$		\$	-	_\$	<u> </u>	\$	18,108,769
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		18,108,769							_	18,108,769
Capital assets, being depreciated:										
Buildings		28,068,657								28,068,657
Improvements		4,174,182								4,174,182
Equipment		82,806								82,806
Machinery		235,695								235,695
Infrastructure		19,002,924								19,002,924
Rolling stock		172,876		25,260					-	198,136
Total capital assets, being depreciated		51,737,140	-	25,260			<u> </u>		÷	51,762,400
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Buildings		(2,976,570)		(935,621)						(3,912,191)
Improvements		(3,253,752)		(46,146)						(3,299,898)
Equipment		(46,990)		(7,602)						(54,592)
Machinery		(230,618)		(3,383)						(234,001)
Infrastructure		(7,100,288)		(265,307)						(7,365,595)
Rolling stock	÷	(132,876)		(8,000)						(140,876)
Total accumulated depreciation		(13,741,094)		(1,266,059)					0,=	(15,007,153)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		37,996,046		(1,240,799)			_			36,755,247
Business-type activities capital assets, net		56,104,815		(1,240,799)			\$	<u> </u>	\$	54,864,016

Details on capital assets, current year additions and construction in progress can be found in the Notes.

The City depreciates all its capital assets over their estimated useful lives, as required by GASB No. 34. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of a capital asset over the years of its useful life so that an allocable portion of the cost of the asset is borne by all users. Additional information on depreciable lives may be found in the Notes to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITION, OUTLOOK AND ACTIVITY

The City continues to see a slowly improving economy along with a gradual increase in economic activity. Property Assessment is trending upwards, and building has resumed in the Community. Hughson's diverse land use has helped to continue a growth pattern that has resulted in an upswing of economic strength for the City and a strong housing market. The trend that developed in 2008, which has seen a significant drop in housing prices and a significant rise in home foreclosures, is changing.

Overall, the City continues to be in a favorable position to continue attracting jobs and retail establishments. Hughson's sales tax revenue continues to climb with expected growth in the retail sector along with the addition of businesses to the City's tax base. This type of growth helps strengthen the City's tax base and increases the diversity of where revenues are generated.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. Government employers that sponsor defined benefit pension plans must recognize a net pension liability in the statement of net position. This is the difference between total pension liability (actuarial accrued liability) and plan assets (at fair value). Pension expense is now based on the net pension liability change between reporting dates with some recognized immediately in expense and others amortized over years. The City of Hughson is a part of a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan and as such reports a net pension liability and pension expense equal to the proportionate share of the cost-sharing plan. The implementation of GASB 68 did not change the City's pension obligations in any significant way but rather created more transparency and disclosure. The City continues with disclosure requirements and has updated the pension information for the fiscal year end June 30, 2016. Please the note section of the financial statements for more detailed information.

Overall the City's financial position remains in good condition. The City continues to maintain a fiscally responsible and conservative approach to its fiscal management.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This Annual Financial Report is intended to provide citizens, taxpayers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to the City of Hughson, at PO Box 9, 7018 Pine Street, Hughson, CA 95326.

## CITY OF HUGHSON Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

		Governmental Business-type Activities Activities			Total
Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,696,	766	\$ 7,285,439	\$	13,982,205
Accounts Receivable	326	466	144,418		470,884
Notes Receivable	1,654	851			1,654,851
Deposits Receivable	59,	283			59,283
Interest Receivable	205,	178			205,178
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	12,401,	955	18,108,769		30,510,724
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	13,505,	372	36,755,247		50,260,619
Total Assets	34,849,		62,293,873	3 <b>-</b>	97,143,744
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Pension	216,	353	184,221		400,574
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	216,		184,221	-	400,574
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	457,	)49	14,862		471,911
Interest Payable	·-·,		103,119		103,119
Deposits Payable			3,282		3,282
Noncurrent Liabilities:			5,201		0,202
Due Within One Year	9.	734	1,548,285		1,558,019
Due in More Than One Year	1,247,		21,272,513		22,519,754
Total Liabilities	1,714,		22,942,061		24,656,085
Deferred Inflow of Resources:					
Pension	126,	730	107,908		234,638
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	126,		107,908		234,638
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	25,907,3	27	33,107,254		59,014,581
Restricted for:					
Home Loans	1,789,1	75			1,789,175
Community Development	596,8				596,851
Streets and Roads	713,8				713,842
Public Safety	73,4				73,436
Public Facilities	1,256,3				1,256,368
Parks and Recreation	1,031,2				1,031,209
Assessment Districts	220,7				220,744
Unrestricted	1,636,5		6,320,871		7,957,389
Total Net Position	\$ 33,225,4			\$	72,653,595

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Governmental Activities	evenues and Change Business- type Activities	Total
\$ (569,046) (1,266,625) 341,918 400,158 (43,288) (1,136,883)	\$    -	\$ (569,046) (1,266,625) 341,918 400,158 (43,288) (1,136,883)
(1,136,883)	225,874 954,140 (30,171) 1,149,843 1,149,843	225,874 954,140 (30,171) 1,149,843 12,960
286,475 996,725 22,268 118,071 31,905 520,481 21,548 1,997,473	70,435 (21,548) 48,887	286,475 996,725 22,268 118,071 102,340 520,481 2,046,360
860,590	1,198,730	2,059,320
\$ 33,225,470	\$ 39,428,125	\$ 72,653,595

# Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

_Ca	apital Projects								
			Nonmajor	Total					
	Public	G	overnmental	G	overnmental				
	Facilities		Funds		Funds				
\$	1,256,368	\$	2,649,990	\$	6,623,463				
•	- , ,	+	73,456	-	326,466				
			231,141		1,654,851				
			- ,		266,546				
					59,283				
\$	1,256,368	\$	2,954,587	\$	8,930,609				
\$	-	\$	64,666	\$	457,049				
			266,546		266,546				
			331,212		723,595				
			231,141		1,714,134				
					75,041				
			1,031,209		1,031,209				
	1,256,368				1,256,368				
			73,436		73,436				
			713,842		713,842				
			540,586		596,851				
			99,192		99,192				
			220,744		220,744				
			(286,775)		2,426,197				
	1,256,368		2,623,375		8,207,014				
\$	1,256,368	\$	2,954,587		8,930,609				

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# CITY OF HUGHSON Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

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Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	8,207,014		
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statemen all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated deprecia	nt of net position, ation.				
Capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation	\$ 32,767,154 (6,859,827)		25,907,327		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In goven of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applica position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions a	able to future periods. In the statement of ne	ws et			
City's pension contributions subsequent to the measureme Deferred inflow related to pension Deferred outflow related to pension	ent date		136,264 (126,730) 80,089		
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statem including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating consist of:	nent of net position, all liabilities, g to governmental activities		~		
Net pension liability Compensated absences payable			(1,201,434) (55,541)		
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of cert self-insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the interna- must be added to the statement of net position.	tain activities, such as al service fund		73,303		
In governmental funds, certain accrued interest receivable on notes receivable is not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.					
Total net position - governmental activities		\$	33,225,470		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Projects		
	Nonmajor	Total
Public	Governmental	Governmental
Facilities	Funds	Funds
\$-	\$-	\$ 286,475
		996,725
		22,268
		118,071
		93,018
		72,090
4,834	6,237	18,564
70,985	134,967	919,038
	924,667	1,576,266
	160,423	160,423
	118,481	520,481
75,819	1,344,775	4,783,419
		1 201 244
		1,201,344
	141,086	1,358,756
	307,006	877,586
		99,184
46,114	864,870	910,984
46,114	1,312,962	4,447,854
29,705	31,813	335,565
	22,000	111,304
	(82,256)	(89,756)
	(60,256)	21,548
29,705	(28,443)	357,113
1,226,663	2,651,818	7,849,901
\$ 1,256,368	\$ 2,623,375	\$ 8,207,014

#### **CITY OF HUGHSON**

## Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

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Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 357,113
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital outlay \$ 950,038	
Depreciation expense (451,151)	498,887
Compensated absence expenditures reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore, are not reported as expenditures in a governmental fund. This is the net change in compensated absences for the current period.	(16,604)
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This fiscal year, the	
difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:	8,253
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the	
internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.	(400)
Certain accrued interest revenue of notes receivable reported in the statement of activities is not available to pay for current period expenditures, and therefore, is not reported as revenue in	
a governmental fund. This is the net change in interest receivable for the current period.	 13,341
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 860,590

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# **CITY OF HUGHSON**

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

## **Proprietary Funds**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Bus	iness	-type Activiti	ies - Enterprise	e fun	ds		vernmental Activities
	Sewer Fund		Water Enterp		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Total			Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$ 3,554,443	\$	1,364,729	\$ 31,573	\$	4,950,745	\$	
Total Operating Revenues	3,554,443		1,364,729	31,573		4,950,745		
Operating Expenses:								
Personnel	349,716		318,474			668,190		
Administrative	280,670		189,601	30,913		501,184		400
Materials and Supplies	458,814		322,754			781,568		
Maintenance	27,623		30,298	6,655		64,576		
Depreciation	1,034,936		206,947	24,176	39.	1,266,059		
Total Operating Expenses	2,151,759	_	1,068,074	61,744		3,281,577	_	400
Operating Income (loss)	1,402,684		296,655	(30,171)	•	1,669,168		(400)
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses):								
Interest Revenue	67,116		3,319			70,435		
Interest Expense	(334,030)		(70,781)			(404,811)		
Capital Contribution	(114,514)			•		(114,514)		
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	(381,428)	-	(67,462)			(448,890)	·	
Income (Loss) before transfers	1,021,256		229,193	(30,171)		1,220,278		(400)
Transfers								
Transfers In				7,500		7,500		
Transfers Out	(11,000)	-	(11,000)	(7,048)		(29,048)		
Change in Net Position	1,010,256		218,193	(29,719)		1,198,730		(400)
Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year	29,784,196		8,005,759	439,440		38,229,395	-	73,703
Net Position - End of Fiscal Year	\$ 30,794,452	\$	8,223,952	\$ 409,721	\$	39,428,125	<u> </u>	73,303

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for the receipt and disbursement of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the City, acting in the capacity of an agent for distribution to other governmental units or other organizations. The agency fund and private purpose trust fund maintained by the City is presented below.

Water/Sewer Deposits - This fund collects deposits for water and sewer services.

RDA Successor Agency - This fund accounts for the former redevelopment agency.

## CITY OF HUGHSON FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Private Purpose Trust Fund RDA Successor Agency			Agency Fund
				Water Deposits
ASSETS				
Cash and investments Loans receivable	\$	198,225 67,028	\$	59,863
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	657,437		
Total Assets	·	922,690	\$	59,863
LIABILITIES				
Interest payable Deposits payable	\$	33,526	\$	- 59,863
Long-term debt, due within one year		77,510		,
Long-term debt, due in more than one year		2,532,677		
Total Liabilities	*	2,643,713	\$	59,863
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for others Total Net Position	\$	(1,721,023) (1,721,023)		

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# NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City of Hughson (City) was incorporated in December 1972. The City is a general law city operating under the Council-Manager form of government, with a five member City Council elected for four-year overlapping terms. The City Manager is appointed by the City Council to serve as administrator of the staff and to carry out the Council's policies.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (USGAAP), these basic financial statements present the City of Hughson (the primary government) and any component units.

#### Individual Component Unit Disclosures

There are no entities which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No.14 as amended by GASB Statement No.39 and GASB Statement No. 61 criteria for disclosure within these financial statements.

#### **B.** Basis of Presentation

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and; therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

## NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following additional fund types:

Internal Service Fund account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the City, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis for insurance.

### Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other government units, and/or other funds.

Private Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the operations of the former redevelopment agency.

### C. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary funds financial statements except for Agency Funds (that have no measurement focus) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time the liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are "measurable and available"). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for debt service expenditures which are recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, transient occupancy taxes, and interest are susceptible to accrual. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at fiscal year-end on behalf of the City are also recognized as revenue. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the City and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

## NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## D. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

### 2. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

The City's property taxes are levied on the first day of January by the County assessor, and are payable to the County tax collector in two installments. The first installment is due November 1<sup>st</sup>, and is delinquent after December 10<sup>th</sup>; the second installment is due February 1<sup>st</sup> and is delinquent after April 10<sup>th</sup>. Taxes become a lien on the property on January 1<sup>st</sup>, and on the date of the transfer of the title, and the date of new construction. Article 13A of the California Constitution states: "The maximum amount of any ad valorem tax on real property shall not exceed one percent (1%) of the full cash value of such property. The one percent tax is to be collected by the Counties and apportioned according to law to the districts within the counties." The City has elected under State law (TEETER) to receive all of the annual property assessments in three installments as follows: 55% in December, 40% in April and 5% in June.

### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. As a phase 3 government under GASB Statement 34, the City has elected to restate its capital assets as of July 1, 2008, to report infrastructure assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003. The City has determined that it is preferable to report all City infrastructure to provide for more accurate reporting. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are valued at the fair value of the assets on the date on which they were contributed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. The City utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$5,000.

Depreciation is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings and improvements	30 years
Vehicles	5 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 15 years
Infrastructure	50 to 80 years

#### NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### F. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City has implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

### Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, addresses accounting and reporting issues related to fair value measurements. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The pronouncement provides for three valuation techniques: the market approach, the cost approach and the income approach. The valuation technique should be consistently applied, maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value falls into three categories: Level 1 is quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 is for observable inputs either directly or indirectly; Level 3 is unobservable inputs. The pronouncement will be effective for the years ending June 30, 2016, and will require restatement of prior periods. Please see Note 3(I) for impact on the financial statements.

## Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 73

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 73, Accounting and Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets not within the Scope of GASB 68 and Amendments to GASB 67 and 68. This pronouncement applies the approach to accounting and financial reporting established in GASB 68 to all pension plans that are not within the scope of GASB 68, with certain modifications.

Amendments to GASB 67 and 68 relate to information about investment-related factors and clarify that only information about trends that the plan has influence over should be presented. It also clarifies that payables to a pension plan for any unpaid financing obligations are not separately financed specific liabilities as defined by GASB 67. The last amendment relates to recognizing revenue for support of nonemployer contributions to a pension plan and requires that the contribution be recognized in the same period as the change in the net pension liability is recognized. The amendments will be effective for years ending June 30, 2016. This pronouncement had no impact on the financial statements.

## G. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts can be spent.

## NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

## A. Budgetary Information

The City Council adopts an Annual Budget no later than the second meeting of June of each year for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. During May of each year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the next following fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed revenues and expenditures.
- 2. After a review by the City Council, a public hearing is conducted and further comment is received from the City Council and the general public.
- 3. Upon completion of the hearings and modifications, if any, to the proposed budget, it is adopted by the City Council through passage of an appropriate resolution.
- 4. Generally, the budget is amended in the middle of the year and at the end of the year. All approved additional appropriations are added to the adopted budget and an amended budget is presented to the City Council, which adopts it after due review.
- 5. The City Manager is authorized to make transfers between operational expenditure categories within certain departments and funds.
- 6. City Council approval is required for all fund to fund transfers, department to department transfers, fund reserve to appropriations transfers, transfers for new revenue sources with offsetting appropriations, and for transfer to/from the capital expenditure category.

## **B. Budget/USGAAP Reconciliation**

No funds adopted project-length or budgetary basis budgets and, therefore, no schedule reconciling the amounts on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget to Actual to the amounts on the Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances has been prepared.

## C. Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, no funds had expenditures over appropriation.

#### **D.** Deficit Fund Equity

At June 30, 2016, the following funds had an accumulated deficit:

Fund	Amount	
Nonmajor Fund: Transportation Capital Projects Fund	\$ 286,775	
Private Purpose Trust Fund: RDA Successor Agency	1,721,023	

## NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### B. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the Investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

	Maximum	Maximum Percentage	Maximum Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	N/A	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	N/A	None	None
State Obligations	N/A	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	N/A	None	None
Money Market Mutual Fund	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	N/A	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Certificates of Deposit	N/A	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	N/A	None	None
Investment Agreements	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

The investment policy allows for the above investments which have equal safety and liquidity as all other allowed investments. Maturity depends on the cash needs of the City.

### C. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining maturity (in Months)							
Investment Type	Totals		12 Months or Less		13 to 24 Months	_	5-60 onths		Than 60 onths
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$ 79,000	\$	79,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Money Market Funds	11,072,429		11,072,429						
Certificates of Deposit	 2,558,319		408,342		450,014	1,6	699,963	6	
- 2	\$ 13,709,748	\$	11,559,771	\$	450,014	\$ 1,6	99,963	\$	-

### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### H. Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

## I. Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy establish by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three tiered fair value hierarchy as follows: Level 1 – Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets; Level 2 – Investments reflect prices that are based on similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered active; and Level 3 – Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources. The City did not have any investments applicable to recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016.

### **NOTE 4 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

#### A. Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of normal operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds". The following presents a summary of current interfund balances at June 30, 2016.

Receivable Fund	 Amount	Payable Fund	Amount
Major Governmental Fund:		Nonmajor Governmental Fund:	
General Fund	\$ 266,546	Transportation Capital Projects Fund	\$ 266,546
Totals	\$ 266,546	Totals	\$ 266,546

#### **B.** Transfers between Funds

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, lease payments or debt service, subsidies of various City operations, and re-allocations of special revenues. All inter-fund transfers between individual government funds have been eliminated on the government-wide statements. The following schedule briefly summarizes the City's transfer activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

Fund	Tra	ansfers-in	Transfers-out		
Major Governmental Funds:			181		
General Fund	\$	89,304	\$	7,500	
Major Enterprise Funds:					
Water Fund				11,000	
Sewer Fund				11,000	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:					
Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund				50,000	
Vehicle Abatement Special Revenue Fund				10,000	
Traffic Special Revenue Fund				11,600	
Lighting and Landscaping Special Revenue Fund				8,520	
Benefit Assessment Special Revenue Fund				2,136	
IT Reserve Special Revenue Fund		22,000			
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds:					
Community Center Operations Fund		7,500		3,524	
USF Community Center Fund				3,524	
Totals	\$	118,804	\$	118,804	

### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

### Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government Public Safety Public Works	\$ 225,575 112,788 <u>112,788</u>
Total depreciation expense – governmental functions	<u>\$ 451,151</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to business-type functions as follows:	
Sewer	\$ 1,034,936
Water	206,947
Community Facilities	24,176
Total depreciation expense – business-type functions	<u>\$ 1,266,059</u>

## NOTE 6 – NOTES RECEIVABLE

The City has established a number of housing assistance loan programs using HOME Investment Partnerships Program grant funds. These loans consist of several loans for first-time home buyers assistance and home rehabilitation assistance loans for qualified persons. The City also utilizes Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) to provide business assistance loans and home rehabilitation loans to qualified persons.

## NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a schedule of long-term liabilities for Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016:

		Balance at me 30, 2015		Additions	F	Repayments	J	Balance at une 30, 2016	-	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	38,937	\$	16,604	\$	-	\$	55,541	\$	-
Net pension liability		959,535		241,899				1,201,434		
Total	\$	998,472	\$	258,503	\$		\$	1,256,975	\$	_
Business-type Activities:	-		C -						( <del></del>	
Compensated absences	\$	45,272	\$	33,329	\$	(37,564)	\$	41,037	\$	-
USDA Promissory Note		390,000				(390,000)				
Installment note payable - Water		1,580,933				(120,739)		1,460,194		124,878
Installment note payable - Sewer		4,986,091				(310,826)		4,675,265		321,482
Net pension liability		817,026		205,972				1,022,998		
CSWRCB Revolving Loan		16,712,318				(1,091,015)		15,621,303	-	1,101,925
Total	\$	24,531,640	\$	239,301	\$	(1,950,144)	\$	22,820,797	\$	1,548,285

### NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

# 3. Business -type Activities – California State Water Resources Control Board Revolving Loan

On September 10, 2009, the City entered into a project finance agreement with the California State Water Resource Control Board (Water Control Board). Through the use of ARRA funds, the Water Control Board provided funding assistance in the amount of \$23,100,000 for the rehabilitation and upgrade of the wastewater treatment plant. The City must repay the project funds at an interest rate of 1% per annum. The term of the agreement is June 16, 2009, to June 7, 2031. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2016 is \$15,621,303. Annual debt service requirements for the CSWRCB Loan are shown below:

Fiscal Year			
Ended June 30,	Ended June 30, Principal		Total
2017	\$ 1,101,925	\$ 156,213	\$ 1,258,138
2018	1,112,944	145,194	1,258,138
2019	1,124,074	134,064	1,258,138
2020	1,135,315	122,823	1,258,138
2021	1,146,668	111,470	1,258,138
2022-2026	5,907,649	383,041	6,290,690
2027-2030	4,092,728	90,187	4,182,915
	\$ 15,621,303	\$ 1,142,992	\$ 16,764,295

#### 4. Compensated Absences

The City's policy relating to compensated absences is described in Note (1). Compensated absences are liquidated primarily by the general fund and proprietary funds. The total amount outstanding at June 30, 2016, was \$41,037 for business-type activities.

#### **NOTE 8 – RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority

The City participates with other public entities in a joint exercise of powers agreement which establishes the Central San Joaquin Valley Risk Management Authority (CSJVRMA). The relationship between the City and CSJVRMA is such that CSJVRMA is not a component unit of the City for financial reporting purposes. The City is covered for the first \$1,000,000 of each general liability claim and \$500,000 of each workers' compensation claim through the CSJVRMA. The City has the right to receive dividends or the obligation to pay assessments based on a formula which, among other expenses, charges the City's account for liability losses under \$10,000 and worker's compensation losses under \$10,000. The CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool which provides general liability coverage from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000. The CSJVRMA participates in an excess pool which provides workers' compensation coverage from \$350,000 to \$500,000 and purchases **excess insurance** above the \$500,000 to the statutory limit. The CSJVRMA is a consortium of fifty-five (55) cities in the San Joaquin Valley of California. It was established under the provisions of California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The CSJVRMA is governed by a Board of Directors, which meets 3-4 times per year, consisting of one member appointed by each member city. The day-to-day business is handled by a management group employed by the CSJVRMA.

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016, are summarized as follows:

	City N	visc Plan	City Safety Plan
	Prior to January	On or after January	Prior to January 1,
Hire date	1, 2013	1, 2013	2013
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2%@62	3.0% @ 50
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62	50
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2% to 2.7%	2.00%	3.0%
Required employee contribution rates	8%*	6.25%	n/a
Required employer contribution rates	10.958%	6.237%	n/a

\* City made 4% contribution on behalf of employees

*Contributions* - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July I following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

P	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability						
<u> </u>	Aisc. Plan	S	afety Plan				
\$	1,657,967	\$	566,466				

#### NOTE 12 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2015, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014 rolled forward to June 30, 2015 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous	Safety			
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2014			
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method				
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.65%			
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%			
Payroll Growth	3.00%	3.00%			
Projected Salary Increase	3.30%-14.20% (1)	3.30%-14.20% (1)			
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% (2)	7.50% (2)			
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds				

(1) Depending on age, service and type of employment

(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of a January 2015 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

*Discount Rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

#### NOTE 12 – PENSION PLAN (Continued)

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Local Government for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Mis	scellaneous	Safety			
1% Decrease		6.65%	6.65%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,780,514	\$ 908,260			
Current Discount Rate		7.65%	7.65%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,657,967	\$ 566,466			
1% Increase		8.65%	8.65%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	731,161	\$ 286,224			

*Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position* - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

# NOTE 13 - SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Hughson (City) that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or other unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets units until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of the City resolution number 2012-04.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence as of the date of the dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

Successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

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#### CITY OF HUGHSON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgetec	I Amo	unts		Actual		riance with inal Budget Positive	
	-	Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues									
Property Taxes	\$	321,000	\$	321,000	\$	286,475	\$	(34,525)	
Sales and Use Taxes		867,000		867,000		996,725		129,725	
Business License Taxes		22,000		22,000		22,268		268	
Other Taxes		87,000		87,000		118,071		31,071	
Licenses and Permits		69,140		69,140		93,018		23,878	
Fines and Forfeitures		57,500		57,500		72,090		14,590	
Interest		2,200		2,200		7,493		5,293	
Charges for Services		170,175	170,175			226,105		55,930	
Intergovernmental		552,750		552,750		651,599		98,849	
Other		402,000		402,000		402,000			
Total Revenues		2,550,765		2,550,765		2,875,844		325,079	
Expenditures Current		729 260		724,004		727,817		(3,813)	
General Government		728,360				-		20,050	
Public Safety		1,237,720		1,237,720		1,217,670		(25,923)	
Public Works		551,037		544,657		570,580			
Parks and Recreation		95,323		114,823		99,184		15,639	
Total Expenditures		2,612,440	-	2,621,204		2,615,251		5,953	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						0.00.500		221.022	
(Under) Expenditures		(61,675)	-	(70,439)		260,593	-	331,032	
Other Financing Sources (uses):									
Transfers In		89,307		89,307		89,304		(3)	
Transfers Out		(7,500)		(7,500)		(7,500)		101	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		81,807		81,807	—	81,804		(3)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		20,132		11,368		342,397		331,029	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015		2,429,858	;	2,429,858		2,429,858	<i>d</i>		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	\$	2,449,990	\$	2,441,226	\$	2,772,255		331,029	

## CITY OF HUGHSON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL REFUSE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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	Budgeted Amounts							iance with al Budget
	(	Driginal	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Charges for Services	_\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	486,981	\$	(13,019)
Total Revenues	0 <b></b>	500,000	-	500,000		486,981		(13,019)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General Government	7	500,000		500,000		473,527		26,473
Total Expenditures		500,000	_	500,000		473,527		26,473
Net Change in Fund Balance						13,454		13,454
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015	. <u> </u>	42,811		42,811		42,811	<u></u>	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	\$	42,811	\$	42,811		56,265	\$	13,454

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## CITY OF HUGHSON REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

# **Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plans**

Schedule of Contributions - Last 10 Years\*

	June 30, 2016			June 30, 2015				
	Miscellaneous		Safety		Miscellaneous		Safety	
		Plan		Plan		Plan		Plan
Contractual required contribution (actuarially determined) Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	149,103	\$	29,542	\$	127,295	\$	22,606
determined contributions	<u></u>	(149,103)		(29,542)		(127,295)		(22,606)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-		-	\$	-		
Covered employee payroll	\$	819,730		n/a	\$	838,193		n/a
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		18.19%		n/a		15.19%		n/a

## Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2014
Valuation Date:	June 30, 2014

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 14.20% depending on age, service, and type of employment
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment and administrative Expenses; includes Inflation
Mortality Rate Table <sup>(1)</sup>	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds

<sup>(1)</sup>The mortality table was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

\*Fiscal year 2015 was the 1<sup>st</sup> year of implementation, therefore only two years are shown.

# **OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION**

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#### CITY OF HUGHSON PUBLIC FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget			Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:							
Interest	\$	3,000	\$	4,834	\$	1,834	
Charges for Services	-	197,338		70,985	-	(126,353)	
Total Revenues	-	200,338	-	75,819	11 21	(124,519)	
Expenditures:							
Capital Outlay		388,000		46,114		341,886	
Total Expenditures	-	388,000		46,114	0 2	341,886	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(187,662)		29,705		217,367	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015		1,226,663	·	1,226,663			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	\$	1,039,001	<u>\$</u>	1,256,368	<u>\$</u>	217,367	

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## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

The Asset Forfeiture Fund was established to account for monies received from asset seizures in the City's jurisdiction. The monies are to be spent on police protection and enforcement.

The Gas Tax Fund was established to account for state gas tax revenues based on population. The revenues may be expended only for street and road repair, maintenance, design, construction, and traffic signal design and installation.

The Vehicle Abatement Fund was established to account for vehicle abatement fees, revenues, and expenditures.

**The CDBG Rehab Fund** was established to account for federal grants under the Housing and Community Development Act, to assist low and moderate income groups in obtaining loans to rehabilitate or revitalize their homes.

The CDBG Grants Fund was established to account for federal planning grants under the Housing and Community Development Act.

The Community Enhancement Fund was established to bridge the gap between old development and new development where Landscaping and Lighting Districts are not set up.

The Local Transportation Authority Fund is used to account for the revenue and expenditure of funds generated by a one-half cent voter approved sales tax earmarked for street improvements.

The Storm Drain Fund was established to account for storm drain revenues.

The Traffic Fund was established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for traffic improvements.

The SLESF Fund established to account for revenues received and expenditures made for Special Law Enforcement Services.

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Special Revenue Funds								
mmunity ancement	Tra	Local		Storm Drain		Traffic		SLESF
\$ 85,915	\$	79,914 58,859	\$	290,987	\$	136,561	\$	64,047
\$ 85,915	\$	138,773	\$	290,987	\$	136,561	\$	64,047
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,437
					)			44,437
85,915		138,773		290,987		136,561		19,610
 85,915		138,773	-	290,987		136,561		19,610
\$ 85,915	\$	138,773	\$	290,987	\$	136,561	\$	64,047
							Cor	ntinued

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	Capital Projects Funds						Total		
					Parks		Nonmajor		
			inicipal		velopment	G	overnmental		
Tra	ansportation		Park	In	Impact Fees		Funds		
\$	-	\$5	79,857	\$	451,352	\$	2,649,990		
							73,456		
-				-			231,141		
\$	_	\$ 5	79,857	\$	451,352	\$	2,954,587		
			17,007						
\$	20,229	\$	-	\$	-	\$	64,666		
	266,546			*			266,546		
	286,775						331,212		
-	200,775	-				-	551,212		
							231,141		
		5	79,857		451,352		2,679,009		
<u></u>	(286,775)			-			(286,775)		
	(286,775)	5	79,857		451,352		2,623,375		
				1.7		1.000 mm			
\$	-	\$ 5	79,857	\$	451,352	\$	2,954,587		

_			ial Re	venue Fund	\$		
	munity acement	Local Transportation Fund		Storm Drain		Traffic	 SLESF
\$	107 17,492	\$ 339	\$	874 53,628	\$	434	\$ -
	,	77,672		,		34,947	117,87
	17,599	<u> </u>	_	54,502	: <del>.</del>	35,381	 117,87
	26 472	29,725		114,514		31,547	109,539
	26,473 26,473	285,405		114,514		31,547	 109,539
	(8,874)	(122,605)		(60,012)	3 <del></del>	3,834	 8,332
			÷			(11,600)	
		÷				(11,600)	 
	(8,874)	(122,605)		(60,012)		(7,766)	8,332
	94,789	261,378		350,999		144,327	11,278
	85,915	<u>\$ 138,773</u>	\$	290,987	\$	136,561	\$ 19,610

Continued

	(		Total				
					Parks		Nonmajor
		N	Aunicipal	De	evelopment	G	overnmental
Tr	ansportation		Park	Ir	npact Fees		Funds
\$	-	\$	1,867	\$	1,427	\$	6,237
			23,892		32,004		134,967
	561,184						924,667
							160,423
		-					118,481
	561,184		25,759		33,431		1,344,775
							141,086
							307,006
	552,992						864,870
	552,992			_		_	1,312,962
	8,192		25,759		33,431		31,813
	0,172	2					51,015
							22,000
							(82,256)
							(60,256)
							(00,200)
	8,192		25,759		33,431		(28,443)
	(294,967)		554,098		417,921		2,651,818
				÷		-	,,
\$	(286,775)	\$	579,857	\$	451,352	\$	2,623,375

#### CITY OF HUGHSON GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget			Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative	
Revenues:	<b>*</b>	• • • •	•			
Interest	\$	300	\$	-	\$	(300)
Intergovernmental		124,032		125,748		1,716
Total Revenues		124,332	(	125,748		1,416
Expenditures: Current:						
Public Works		59,000		55,524		3,476
Total Expenditures		59,000		55,524		3,476
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		65,332		70,224		4,892
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers Out		(50,000)		(50,000)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(50,000)	1	(50,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		15,332		20,224		4,892
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015	•	50,853		50,853	Ą	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	\$	66,185	\$	71,077	\$	4,892

## CITY OF HUGHSON CDBG REHAB SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		***	· ·····
Interest	\$ 475	\$ 1,189	\$ 714
Other Revenue	12,000	3,967	(8,033)
Total Revenues	12,475	5,156	(7,319)
Expenditures: Current:			
Public Works	4,100		4,100
Total Expenditures	4,100		4,100
Net Change in Fund Balance	8,375	5,156	(3,219)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015	586,657	586,657	<del></del>
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	\$ 595,032	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ (3,219)</u>

## CITY OF HUGHSON COMMUNITY ENHANCEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative	
Revenues:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Interest	\$	200	\$	107	\$	(93)
Charges For Services	-	22,473		17,492		(4,981)
Total Revenues		22,673	(	17,599	-	(5,074)
Expenditures:						
Capital Outlay		16,000		26,473	S	(10,473)
Total Expenditures		16,000		26,473		(10,473)
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,673		(8,874)		(15,547)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015		94,789	-	94,789		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	101,462	\$	85,915	<u>\$</u>	(15,547)

## CITY OF HUGHSON STORM DRAIN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Final Budget		Actual Amount	Fina	ance with l Budget e (Negative)
Revenues:						<u> </u>
Interest	\$	100	\$	874	\$	774
Charges for Services		67,568		53,628		(13,940)
Total Revenues	· <u> </u>	67,668		54,502		(13,166)
Expenditures: Current:						
Public Works		114,514		114,514		
Total Expenditures	3 <u></u>		-			
Total Expenditures	-	114,514	-	114,514	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(46,846)		(60,012)		(13,166)
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015		350,999		350,999		
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	304,153	<u>\$</u>	290,987	<u>\$</u>	(13,166)

## CITY OF HUGHSON SLESF SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			<u>`````````````</u>
Interest	\$ 400	\$-	\$ (400)
Intergovernmental	100,000	117,871	17,871
Total Revenues	100,400	117,871	17,471
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public Safety	100,000	109,539	(9,539)
Total Expenditures	100,000	109,539	(9,539)
Net Change in Fund Balance	400	8,332	7,932
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015	11,278	11,278	······
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 11,678</u>	<u>\$ 19,610</u>	<u>\$7,932</u>

## CITY OF HUGHSON BENEFIT ASSESSMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Decement	Budget	Amount	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Special Assessments	\$ 56,538	\$ 56,200	\$ (338)
Total Revenue			(338)
Total Revenue	56,538	56,200	(338)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public Works	23,691	25,801	(2,110)
Total Expenditures	23,691	25,801	(2,110)
Excess (Deficiency) of			
Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	32,847	30,399	(2,448)
-			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers Out	(2,137)	(2,136)	1
			*
Total Other financing			
Sources (Uses)	(2,137)	(2,136)	1
2011-02 (000-0)	·	·	
Net Change in Fund Balance	30,710	28,263	(2,447)
5			
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015	101,886	101,886	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	\$ 132,596	\$ 130,149	\$ (2,447)

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## CITY OF HUGHSON PUBLIC SAFETY REALIGNMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 5,000	<u>\$</u> 7,245	\$ 2,245
Total Revenue	5,000	7,245	2,245
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public Works	17,000		17,000
Total Expenditures	17,000		17,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(12,000)	7,245	19,245
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015	28,477	28,477	A <u></u>
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	<u>\$ 16,477</u>	\$ 35,722	<u>\$ 19,245</u>

### CITY OF HUGHSON TRANSPORTATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Final Budget	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:				
Interest	\$ 150	\$-	\$ (150)	
Intergovernmental	723,220	561,184	(162,036)	
Total Revenues	723,370	561,184	(162,186)	
Expenditures:				
Capital Outlay	562,370	552,992	9,378	
Total Expenditures	562,370	552,992	9,378	
Net Change in Fund Balance	161,000	8,192	(152,808)	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - July 1, 2015	(294,967)	(294,967)	<u></u>	
Fund Balance (Deficit) - June 30, 2016	<u>\$ (133,967)</u>	<u>\$ (286,775)</u>	<u>\$ (152,808)</u>	

## CITY OF HUGHSON PARKS DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

_		Final Budget		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Interest Charges for Services Total Revenues	\$ 	450 45,339 45,789	\$	1,427 32,004 33,431	\$	977 (13,335) (12,358)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		45,789		33,431		(12,358)	
Fund Balance - July 1, 2015		417,921		417,921			
Fund Balance - June 30, 2016	<u>\$</u>	463,710	<u>\$</u>	451,352	\$	(12,358)	

#### CITY OF HUGHSON NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2016

	Enterpr	Enterprise Funds		
	Community Center Operations Fund	USF Community Center Fund	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 300</u>	\$ 5,429	\$5,729	
Total Current Assets	300	5,429	5,729	
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital Assets:				
Land	105,073		105,073	
Buildings	725,283		725,283	
Less:				
Accumulated Depreciation	(423,082)	·	(423,082)	
Total Noncurrent Assets	407,274		407,274	
Total Assets	407,574	5,429	413,003	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Deposits Payable	3,282		3,282	
Total Liabilities	3,282		3,282	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	407,274		407,274	
Unrestricted	(2,982)	5,429	2,447	
Total Net Position	\$ 404,292	\$ 5,429	\$ 409,721	

#### CITY OF HUGHSON NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Enterprise Funds			
	Community Center Operations Fund	y USF Community	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash Received from Users	<b>6</b> 40 <b>-</b> 4			
Cash Payments to Suppliers and Contractors	\$ 18,76 (32,16		\$ 34,855 (39,305)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	(13,40)	3)8,953	(4,450)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers in (out)	3,976	6 (3,524)	452	
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Noncapital Financing Activities	3,976	6 (3,524)	452	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(9,427	7) - 5,429	(3,998)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF FISCAL YEAR	9,727	<u> </u>	9,727	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF FISCAL YEAR	<u>\$</u> 300	) \$ 5,429	\$ 5,729	
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$</u> 300	\$ 5,429	\$ 5,729	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (39,224)	) \$ 9,053	\$ (30,171)	
Adjustment to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation Expense	24,176		24,176	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			_ ,,	
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Payable	1,645	(100)	(100) 1,645	
Total Adjustments	25,821	(100)	25,721	
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$ (13,403)	\$ 8,953	\$ (4,450)	

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