

## City of Hughson Sales Tax Update

First Quarter Receipts for Fourth Quarter Sales (October - December 2019)

## Hughson In Brief

Hughson's receipts from October through December were $8.3 \%$ below the fourth sales period in 2018. Excluding reporting aberrations, actual sales were down 20.05\%.
The biggest impediment to Hughson's allocations for the fourth quarter of 2019 came from the busi-ness-industry category. The group was down $\$ 50,000$ compared to the same quarter last year.
A sharp drop in lumber prices nationwide contributed to the $3.4 \%$ decline in building-construction. Restaurants-hotels also reported a sluggish sales quarter resulting in a 9.4 \% decline.

Fuel and service stations held the largest percentage growth for Hughson with a $7 \%$ increase compared to the same time period last year. The second largest city specific group was food-drugs with an increased allocation of $6.3 \%$.
State and county pools also increased allocations in 4Q19. The new Wayfair decision and California's AB 147 bill has given an allocation increase to county pools across the state. This resulted in an increase of $13.9 \%$ for the City of Hughson.
Net of aberrations, taxable sales for all of Stanislaus County grew $3.4 \%$ over the comparable time period; the San Joaquin Valley was up 4.9\%.

## Sales Tax by Major Business Group


*Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity

## Top 25 Producers <br> In Alphabetical Order

Agave Azul
Bobs Coffee Shop
Boulet Consulting
California Trusframe
Coco's Taqueria
Dollar General
Dollar Tree
Golden Bowl
Grossi Fabrication
Hughson Chevron
Hughson Farm Supply
La Perla Tapatia
Lacy's Furniture \& Home Decor

Mid Valley Agricultural Services
Napa Auto Parts
Pizza Factory
Pure Water Pool Service
Quick N Save
Samaritan Village
Santa Fe Market \& Liquor
Sav Mor Market
Slick Fork BBQ
Subway
Valley Tool \& Manufacturing
Wilbur Ellis

REVENUE COMPARISON
Two Quarters - Fiscal Year To Date (Q3 to Q4)

2018-19
2019-20

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Point-of-Sale | $\$ 511,501$ | $\$ 475,814$ |
| County Pool | 70,505 | 82,160 |
| State Pool | 255 | 212 |
| Gross Receipts | $\mathbf{\$ 5 8 2 , 2 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 5 8 , 1 8 6}$ |

## California Overall

Statewide sales and use tax receipts from 2019's fourth quarter were $4.2 \%$ higher than last year's holiday quarter after factoring for accounting anomalies.

The increase came from the acceleration in online shopping which generated huge gains in the countywide use tax pools for merchandise shipped from out-of-state and from California based fulfillment warehouses in those cases where the warehouse is also point-ofsale. This segment was further boosted by the first full quarter of California's implementation of the Wayfair vs South Dakota ruling that requires out-of-state retailers to collect and remit sales tax on merchandise sold to California customers. The ruling has led to an increase in sales tax receipts of roughly $\$ 2.95$ per capita while also producing double digit gains for in-state online fulfillment centers.

In contrast, soft sales and closeouts resulted in a decline in almost every category of brick-and-mortar spending during the holiday season while new cannabis retailers helped boost what would have been a soft quarter for the food-drug group. Most other sales categories including new cars and business-industrial purchases were also down. Restaurant group gains were modest compared to previous quarters.
Overall, the rise in county pool receipts offset what would have been otherwise, a flat or depressed quarter for most jurisdictions.

## Covid-19

The coronavirus impact will first be seen in next quarter's data reflecting January through March sales. Based on recovery rates being reported in some Asian countries, the virus's disruption of supply chains will be deepest in the first and second quarter and largely resolved by mid-summer. However, recovery from social distancing and home confinements could take longer
with the deepest tax declines expected in the restaurant/hospitality, travel/transportation and brick-and-mortar retail segments. Layoffs and furloughs are also expected to reduce purchases of new cars and other high cost durable goods. The losses from the state's high-tech innovation industries may be more modest while the food-drug and online retail groups could exhibit increases.

Assuming that the virus is largest contained by the end of September, HdL's economic scenario projects that tax declines will bottom out in the first quarter of 2021 but with only moderate gains for several quarters after. Data from previous downturns suggests that the return to previous spending is not immediate and often evolves. Businesses emerge with ways to operate with fewer employees and more moderate capital investment. Consumers take time to fully get back to previous levels of leisure travel, dining and spending and may permanently transfer to newly discovered services, activities and/or online retail options.

## Sales Per Capita*



Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity

## COUNTY OVERALL 4Q YOY RECEIPTS \% CHANGE

| Major Industry Groups | Cash | Adjusted* |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Autos and Transportation | $20.3 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Building and Construction | $-13.0 \%$ | $-9.4 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Business and Industry | $-1.5 \%$ | $-4.1 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Food and Drugs | $-0.3 \%$ | $3.3 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Fuel and Service Stations | $-5.1 \%$ | $5.4 \%$ |  |  |  |
| General Consumer Goods | $2.3 \%$ | $-1.0 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Restaurants and Hotels | $9.7 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ |  |  |  |
| County and State Pools | $25.7 \%$ | $27.3 \%$ |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  | $5.4 \%$ | $3.4 \%$ |
| *Accounting anomalies factored out |  |  |  |  |  |

## Revenue By Business Group Hughson This Quarter*



[^0]
[^0]:    *Allocation aberrations have been adjusted to reflect sales activity

